

REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Contract No. T202500901

SR 1 MEDIAN BARRIER, SR 30 TO SR 16

This page contains the referenced documents in the proposal for the above-mentioned contract.

- 1273-23 REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS
(FHWA-)1273 – Revised October 23, 2023
- PREVAILING WAGE RATES
 - State of Delaware Wage Rates
 - Davis-Bacon Wage Rates (if applicable)
- SPECIAL PROVISIONS LIST
- STATEMENTS
 - Utility
 - Right-of-Way
 - Environmental
 - Railroad
- ITEMS LIST (Quantity Summary Sheets)

DIGITAL ACCESSIBILITY NOTICE

The Delaware Department of Transportation (DelDOT) is committed to ensuring that its digital services, content, and documents are accessible to all users and is actively working to comply with applicable federal and state accessibility requirements. DelDOT continues to make improvements over time, with current efforts focused on programs, applications, content, and documents that are actively in use and available to the public.

Due to the nature and complexity of certain materials, including construction plans, technical drawings, historical documents, maps, and other graphic-intensive files, some documents may not currently be fully digitally accessible or compliant with current accessibility standards. In some cases, these documents are provided for historical, reference, informational, or procurement purposes only.

If you require an accessible version of a document or need assistance accessing any content, please contact DelDOT, and reasonable efforts will be made to provide the information in an accessible format upon request. DelDOT appreciates your patience and understanding as accessibility improvements continue to be implemented.

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act ([29 CFR part 3](#))), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act ([40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in [29 CFR part 1](#), a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901–3907](#).

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention.* All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) *Information required.* Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) *Additional records relating to fringe benefits.* Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) *Additional records relating to apprenticeship.* Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. *Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission.* The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) *Information required.* The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/wh347.pdf> or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) *Statement of Compliance.* Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in [29 CFR part 3](#); and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) *Use of Optional Form WH-347.* The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature*. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification*. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under [18 U.S.C. 1001](#) and [31 U.S.C. 3729](#).

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention*. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents*. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers*. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements*. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under [29 CFR part 6](#) any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures*. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices* (1) *Rate of pay*. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits*. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio*. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates*. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity*. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and [29 CFR part 30](#).

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, [18 U.S.C. 1001](#).

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#); or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#).

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DIVISION OF INDUSTRIAL AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT
PHONE: (302) 318-2769

Mailing Address:
252 Chapman Road
Suite 210
Newark, DE 19702

Located at:
252 Chapman Road
Suite 210
Newark, DE 19702

PREVAILING WAGES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EFFECTIVE MARCH 13, 2026

CLASSIFICATION	NEW CASTLE	KENT	SUSSEX
BRICKLAYERS	68.29	68.29	73.01
CARPENTERS	69.62	64.06	52.30
CEMENT FINISHERS	74.68	45.80	46.69
ELECTRICAL LINE WORKERS	37.71	60.93	29.82
ELECTRICIANS	86.87	86.87	86.87
IRON WORKERS	91.78	33.47	35.55
LABORERS	58.11	53.49	52.49
MILLWRIGHTS	22.60	21.94	18.96
PAINTERS	84.99	84.99	84.99
PILEDRIVERS	100.98	33.34	93.69
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	87.03	55.57	50.91
SHEET METAL WORKERS	31.93	28.51	25.80
TRUCK DRIVERS	54.70	39.63	48.26

CERTIFIED: 5/6/2026

BY: *[Signature]* For Fran Chudzick
ADMINISTRATOR, OFFICE OF LABOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

NOTE: THESE RATES ARE PROMULGATED AND ENFORCED PURSUANT TO THE PREVAILING WAGE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR ON APRIL 3, 1992.

CLASSIFICATIONS OF WORKERS ARE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. FOR ASSISTANCE IN CLASSIFYING WORKERS, OR FOR A COPY OF THE REGULATIONS OR CLASSIFICATIONS, PHONE (302) 318-2769.

NON-REGISTERED APPRENTICES MUST BE PAID THE MECHANIC'S RATE.

PROJECT: T202500901, Federal Aid Project No. ESTP-2025 (13), SR 1 MEDIAN BARRIER, SR 30 TO SR 16, SUSSEX County, DE



General Decision Number: DE20260006 05/18/2026

Superseded General Decision Number: DE20250006

State: Delaware

Construction Type: Highway

County: **Sussex County in Delaware**

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60). If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022, Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.75 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2025. If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022, Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$13.65 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2025. The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/02/2026
1	05/18/2026

ENGI0542-006 07/01/2022

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
Crane.....	\$ 45.81	31.38
Drill.....	\$ 43.76	30.77
Pounder.....	\$ 43.76	30.77
Roller.....	\$ 43.40	30.66

LABO0199-001 05/01/2022

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER (Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor).....	\$ 31.15	16.50

SUDE2022-003 09/08/2022

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER.....	\$ 39.67	5.08
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER...	\$ 30.41	3.28
ELECTRICIAN.....	\$ 65.86	0.00

FORM WORKER.....	\$ 38.65	5.45
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING.....	\$ 49.64	0.00
LABORER: Common or General.....	\$ 34.94	5.91
LABORER: Mason Tender -		
Cement/Concrete.....	\$ 43.30	2.06
OPERATOR:		
Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe.....	\$ 30.52	13.47
OPERATOR: Bobcat/Skid		
Steer/Skid Loader.....	\$ 34.34	14.93
OPERATOR: Bulldozer.....	\$ 35.18	14.27
OPERATOR: Loader.....	\$ 38.36	4.31
OPERATOR: Mechanic.....	\$ 28.11	11.18
OPERATOR: Milling Machine.....	\$ 34.01	12.25
OPERATOR: Paver (Asphalt,		
Aggregate, and Concrete).....	\$ 35.07	17.17
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Flagger.....	\$ 40.33	0.00
TRUCK DRIVER: Dump Truck.....	\$ 28.07	7.38

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing
operation to which welding is incidental.
=====

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Note: Executive Order 13658 generally applies to contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that were awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and that have not been renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022. Executive Order 13658 does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts regardless of when they were awarded. If a contract is subject to Executive Order 13658, the contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$13.65 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract from May 11, 2026, through December 31, 2026. The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under Executive Order 13658 is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order under rate identifiers indicating whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate), a survey rate, a weighted union average rate, a state adopted rate, or a supplemental classification rate.

Union Rate Identifiers

A four-letter identifier beginning with characters other than "SU", "UAVG", "SA", or "SC" denotes that a union rate was prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2024. PLUM is an identifier of the union whose collectively bargained rate prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. The date, 07/01/2024 in the example, is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all changes over time that are reported to WHD in the rates in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing the classification.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

The UAVG identifier indicates that no single rate prevailed for those classifications, but that 100% of the data reported for the classifications reflected union rates. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 01/01/2024. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the State of Ohio.

The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/01/2024 in the example, indicates the date the wage determination was updated to reflect the most current union average rate.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January, to reflect a weighted average of the current rates in the collective bargaining agreements on which the rate is based.

Survey Rate Identifiers

The "SU" identifier indicates that either a single non-union rate prevailed (as defined in 29 CFR 1.2) for this classification in the survey or that the rate was derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As a weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SUFL2022-007 6/27/2024. SU indicates the rate is a single non-union prevailing rate or a weighted average of survey data for that classification. FL indicates the State of Florida. 2022 is the year of the survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 6/27/2024 in the example, indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

?SU? wage rates typically remain in effect until a new survey is conducted. However, the Wage and Hour Division (WHD) has the discretion to update such rates under 29 CFR 1.6(c)(1).

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

The ""SA"" identifier indicates that the classifications and prevailing wage rates set by a state (or local) government were adopted under 29 C.F.R 1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. The date, 01/03/2024 in the example, reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- a) a survey underlying a wage determination
 - b) an existing published wage determination
 - c) an initial WHD letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
 - d) an initial conformance (additional classification and rate) determination

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be directed to the WHD Branch of Wage Surveys. Requests can be submitted via email to davisbaconinfo@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Wage Surveys
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

Regarding any other wage determination matter such as conformance decisions, requests for initial decisions should be directed to the WHD Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Requests can be submitted via email to BCWD-Office@dol.gov or by mail to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

- 2.) If an initial decision has been issued, then any interested party (those affected by the action) that disagrees with the decision can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Requests for review and reconsideration can be submitted via email to dba.reconsideration@dol.gov or by mail to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

=====
END OF GENERAL DECISION

Contract T202500901
SR 1 Median Barrier, SR 30 to SR 16

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

S.P. Code	SPECIAL PROVISION DESCRIPTION
401502-25	ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT
401575-25	PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT – 19.0 MM TYPE B
763501-25	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING
763520-25	ELECTRONIC TICKETING
806500-25	TRAFFIC OFFICERS

401502 - ASPHALT CEMENT COST ADJUSTMENT

For Sections 304, 401, 402, 403, 404, and 405, payments to the Contractor shall be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price when compared to the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price, as defined in these Special Provisions.

The Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price will be issued monthly by the Department and will be the industry posted price for Asphalt Cement, F.O.B. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The link for the posting is https://deldot.gov/Business/bids/index.shtml?dc=asphalt_cement_english.

The Project Asphalt Cement Base Price will be the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price in effect on the date of advertisement.

All deviations of the Delaware Posted Asphalt Cement Price from the Project Asphalt Cement Base Price are eligible for cost adjustment. No minimum increases or decreases or corresponding percentages are required to qualify for cost adjustment.

Actual quantity of asphalt cement qualifying for any Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment will be computed using the weight of eligible asphalt that is shown on the QA/QC pay sheets as a percentage for the delivered material.

If the mix was not inspected and no QA/QC pay sheet was generated, then the asphalt percentage will be obtained from the job mix formula for that mix ID. The asphalt percentage eligible for cost adjustment shall only be the virgin asphalt cement added to the mix.

There shall be no separate payment per ton cost of asphalt cement. That cost shall be included in the various unit prices bid per ton for those bid items that contain asphalt cement (mentioned above).

The Asphalt cement cost adjustment will be calculated on grade PG 64-22 asphalt regardless of the actual grade of asphalt used.

If the Contractor exceeds the authorized allotted completion time, the price of asphalt cement on the last authorized allotted workday, shall be the prices used for cost adjustment during the time

liquidated damages are assessed. However, if the industry posted price for asphalt cement goes down, the asphalt-cement cost shall be adjusted downward accordingly.

NOTE:

Application of Asphalt Cement Cost Adjustment requirements as indicated above shall apply only to those contracts involving items related to bituminous base and pavements, and with bitumen, having a total of 1,000 tons or more of hot-mix bid quantity in case of Sections 401, 402 and 403; and 15,000 gallons or more in case of Sections 304, 404 and 405.

12/14/2020

401575 - PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT – 19.0 MM TYPE B

401576 - PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT – 9.5 MM TYPE C

401578 – PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT – 12.5 MM TYPE C

Description:

This specification is intended to be used for pervious asphalt pavement. Lift thicknesses will be as shown on the plans.

All portions of Division 400 of the Standard Specifications shall be applicable except as modified herein.

Materials:

- A. Asphalt cement shall be PG 76-22 per AASHTO MP-1.
- B. Coarse aggregate shall consist of clean, tough, durable fragments of crushed stone, or crushed gravel of uniform quality throughout. In the mixture, at least 75 percent, by mass (weight), of the material coarser than the 4.75 mm (No. 4) sieve shall have at least two fractured faces, and 90 percent shall have one or more fractured faces (ASTM D5821). Coarse aggregate shall be free from clay balls, organic matter, deleterious substances, and not more than 8.0% of flat or elongated pieces as specified in ASTM D4791 with a value of 5:1.
- C. Fine aggregate shall consist of clean, sound, durable, angular shaped particles produced by crushing stone or gravel that meets the requirements for wear and soundness specified for coarse aggregate. The aggregate particles shall be free from coatings of clay, silt, or other objectionable matter and shall contain no clay balls. The fine aggregate, including any blended material for the fine aggregate, shall have a plasticity index of not more than 6 and a liquid limit of not more than 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
- D. Mix Design.
 1. Pervious asphalt pavement mix shall have a binder content of of 5.75% to 6.50 % by weight of dry aggregate. In accordance with ASTM D6390, drain down of the asphalt binder shall be no greater than 0.3%. If more absorptive aggregates, such as limestone, are used in the mix, then the amount of binder shall be based on the testing procedures outlined in the National Asphalt Pavement Association’s Information Series 131 – “Pervious Asphalt Pavements for Stormwater Management” (2008).
 2. Submit a mix design at least 10 working days prior to the beginning of production. Make available samples of coarse aggregate, fine aggregate, mineral filler, fibers and a sample of the Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB) that will be used in the design of the mixture. A certificate of analysis (COA) of the PGAB shall be submitted with the mix design. The COA shall be certified by a laboratory meeting the requirements of AASHTO R18. The Laboratory will be certified by the Delaware DOT or qualified under ASTM D3666. HMA Plant/Field Technicians shall be certified by the Mid- Atlantic Region Technician Certification Program (MARTCP) and the Delaware Technician Certification Program.
 3. Bulk specific gravity (SG) used in air void content calculations shall not be determined and results will not be accepted using AASHTO T166 (saturated surface dry), since it is not intended for open graded specimens (>10% AV). Bulk SG shall be calculated using AASHTO T275 (paraffin wax) or ASTM D6752 (automatic vacuum sealing). Air void

content shall be calculated from the bulk SG and maximum theoretical SG (AASHTO T209) using ASTM D3203.

4. The materials shall be combined and graded to meet the composition limits by mass (weight) as shown in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Pervious Asphalt Pavement Mix Design Criteria

Sieve Size	NMAS (% Passing)		
	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm
19 mm	90 - 100	100	100
12.5 mm	90 max	90-100	100
9.5 mm		90 max	90 - 100
4.75 mm			90 max
2.36 mm	5 – 15	5-15	5 - 15
0.075 mm	2 – 4	2-4	2 - 4

Property	Specification
Asphalt binder content	5.75 - 6.50%
Fiber Content by Total Mixture Mass	0.3% cellulose or 0.4% mineral
Air Void Content (ASTM D6752/AASHTO T275)	16.0 - 22.0%
Drain down (ASTM D6390)*	<0.3%
Tensile Strength Ratio (AASHTO 283)**	>80%
Cantabro abrasion test on unaged samples (ASTM D7064-04)	<20%
Cantabro abrasion test on 7 day aged samples	<30%

* Cellulose or mineral fibers may be used to reduce drain down.

** If the TSR (retained tensile strength) values fall below 80% when tested per NAPA IS131 (with a single freeze thaw cycle rather than 5), then employ an antistrip additive to raise the TSR value above 80%.

E. Mix Production.

1. The pervious asphalt mix production shall be per Section 1014 and plant manufacturer’s recommendations.

Construction Methods:

- A. The construction methods shall be per Section 401 except as modified herein.
- B. Minimum surface temperature of 60° F at time of placement and minimum ambient temperature of 50° F.
- C. The pervious asphalt pavement mix shall be placed either in a single lift not to exceed 4 inches thick or in two lifts. If more than one lift is used, sufficient care shall be taken to insure that the pervious asphalt layers join completely by keeping the time between layer placements minimal, keeping the first layer clear from dust and moisture, and minimizing traffic on the first layer.
- D. No traffic shall be permitted on material placed until the material has been thoroughly compacted and has been permitted to cool to below 100 °F.

- E. Make two passes with a standard asphalt pavement roller (5 ton minimum) operated in static mode. Do not over compact the material in order that permeability can be maintained.
- F. Any mixture that becomes loose and broken, mixed with dirt, or is in any way defective shall be removed and replaced with fresh mix. The mix shall be compacted to conform to the surrounding area.
- G. Installed pervious pavement shall not be used for equipment or materials storage during construction, and under no circumstances shall equipment be allowed to deposit soil on paved pervious surfaces.
- H. The full permeability of the pavement surface shall be tested by application of clean water at the rate of at least 5 gpm over the surface, using a hose or other distribution devise. Water used for the test shall be clean, free of suspended solids and deleterious liquids. The test shall be observed by the engineer.

Method of Measurement:

The Department will measure pervious asphalt pavement in accordance with Section 401.4.

Basis of Payment:

The Department will pay for pervious asphalt pavement in accordance with Section 401.5.

09/08/2023

763501 - CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING
763597 – UTILITY CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING

DESCRIPTION:

- A. This work consists of construction lay out. Subsection 105.10 Construction Stakes, Lines and Grades will be replaced by this spec.
- B. The Department will only establish the following:
 - 1. Original and final cross-sections for borrow pits.
 - 2. Final cross-sections:
 - a. Top and bottom pay limit elevations for all excavation bid items that are not field measured by construction inspection personnel.
 - b. The contractor shall notify the engineer when these pay limit elevations are ready and allow for a minimum of two calendar days for the engineer to obtain the information.
 - 3. Line and grade for extra work added on to the Plans.
- C. When applicable, this work will also consist of providing construction and right-of-way/easement information to utility companies performing work (as defined in the Utility Statement) within the LOC.

MATERIALS:

Not applicable.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS:

- A. Equipment
 - 1. Use and provide written certification that the equipment/instrument has been calibrated and is within manufacturer's tolerance. The certification shall be dated a maximum of 9-months before the start of construction. Renew the certification a minimum of every 9-months. The equipment/instrument shall have a minimum measuring accuracy of [3mm+2ppmxD] and an angle accuracy of up to 2.0-arc-seconds or 0.6-milligons.
 - 2. If the use of GPS technology in construction stakeout is chosen, provide the engineer with a GPS rover and automatic level for the duration of the contract. The GPS rover must be in good working condition and of similar make and model. Provide formal training on the GPS system being used to a maximum of 4, of the engineer's appointees. The formal training must be up to 8-hours or to the satisfaction of the engineer. At the end of the contract, the engineer will return the GPS rover. If any of the equipment/instruments are found to be out of adjustment or inadequate to perform its function, they shall be immediately replaced to the satisfaction of the engineer.

3. Choosing to use GPS technology does not give the authority to use machine control. Construction Engineering (GPS) Machine Control Grading shall only be used if noted in the contract outlining the available files that will be provided and "the Release for delivery of documents in electronic form to a contractor" are signed by all parties prior to delivery of any electronic files. Only files designated in the contract shall be provided. If machine control grading is allowed on the project, see the machine control section of this specification. GPS technology and machine control technology shall not be used in the construction of bridges.

B. Engineering/Survey Staff

1. Provide and have available an adequate engineering staff that is competent and experienced to set lines, grades, and compatibility with the scope of the project. Additionally, employ an engineer or surveyor, licensed in the State of Delaware, to be responsible for the quality and accuracy of the work done by the engineering staff. When individuals or firms other than the contractor perform any professional services under this item, that work shall not be subject to the subcontracting requirements of Section 108.1. Assume full responsibility for any errors and/or omissions in the work of the engineering staff.

C. Performance Requirements

1. Construction Engineering shall include establishing:
 - a. the survey points and survey centerlines;
 - b. finding, referencing, offsetting the project control points;
 - c. running a horizontal and vertical circuit to verify the precision of given control points.
2. Establishing plan coordinates and elevation marks for:
 - a. culverts,
 - b. slopes,
 - c. subbase,
 - d. subsurface drains,
 - e. paving,
 - f. subgrade,
 - g. retaining walls,
 - h. any other stakes required for control lines and grades.
3. Setting vertical control elevations for:
 - a. footings,
 - b. caps,
 - c. bridge seats and deck screed.

4. Preserve the Department's project control points and benchmarks. Establish and preserve any temporary control points (traverse points or benchmarks) needed for construction. Any project control points (traverse points) or benchmarks conflicting with construction of the project shall be relocated. Replace any or all stakes that are destroyed at any time during the life of the contract as directed by the engineer. Re-establish centerline points and stationing prior to final cross-sections by the engineer. The vertical control error of closure shall not exceed 0.035-feet. The horizontal control precision ratio shall have a minimum precision of 1:20,000 feet of distance traversed prior to adjustment.
5. Perform construction centerline layout of all roadways, ramps, connections, and driveways from project control points set by the engineer. Use the profiles and typical sections provided in the plans shall calculate proposed grades at the edge of pavement or verify information shown on the Plans.
6. Advise the engineer of any horizontal or vertical alignment revisions needed to establish smooth transitions to existing facilities. Immediately bring to the attention of the engineer any potential drainage problem within the project limits. The engineer must approve any proposed variation in profile, width, or cross slope.
7. Establish the working points at centerlines of bearings on bridge abutments and on piers, mark the location of anchor bolts to be installed, check the elevation of bearing surfaces before and after they are ground, and set anchor bolts at their exact elevation and alignment in accordance with the contract. Before completion of the fabrication of beams for bridge superstructures, verify the locations, both vertically and horizontally, of all bearings and assume full responsibility for fabricated beams fitting and bearing as constructed. After beam erection and concurrently with the Department project surveyors or their designated representative, survey top of beam elevations at a maximum of 10-foot stations and compute screed grades. Submit the beam elevations to the engineer for review and approval before the stay-in-place forms are set. Construction stakes and other reference control marks shall be set at intervals as established by the engineer to assure that all components of the structure are constructed in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the plans. Take full responsibility for all structure alignment control, grade control and all necessary calculations to establish and set these controls.
8. Investigate proposed construction for possible conflicts with existing and proposed utilities. Report any conflicts to the engineer for resolution.

9. Stake all sidewalk and curb ramp grades in accordance with the contract. Review the stakeout with the engineer prior to construction. The engineer must approve any deviation from the Contract in writing.
10. Stake all drainage inlets in accordance with the Contract. The offsets and top of grate elevations need to be calculated for each type of drainage inlet specified in the contract in order to line up the drainage inlet's flow line with the specified curb or ditch flow line as shown in the contract. The engineer must approve any deviations from the Contract in writing.
11. If wetland areas are involved and specifically defined on the plans the following shall apply:
 - a. Do not enter, damage, or destroy wetland areas, which exist beyond the LOC. These provisions will be strictly enforced, and all personnel shall understand the importance of these provisions.
 - b. Delineate wetlands at the LOC throughout the entire project, before any clearing operations commence as shown on the plans to the satisfaction of the engineer.
 - c. Use orange vinyl flagging material with "Wetland Boundary" printed on the flagging. In wooded areas, tie the flagging on the trees, at approximate 20-foot intervals through wetland areas. In open field and yard areas that have been identified as wetlands, drive 6-foot posts into the ground at approximate 50-foot intervals and tie with the flagging. The flagging shall extend approximately 12-inches in length beyond the post. Use oak posts with cross sectional dimensions of 1 1/2-inches to 2-inches by 1 1/2-inches to 2-inches or 1/4-inch rebar.
 - d. If the flagging has been destroyed and the engineer determines that its use is still required, reflag the area. Flagging shall be replaced within 48-hours of notification that replacement is needed. After 48-hours the engineer may proceed to have the area reflagged.
 - e. Remove all posts and flagging at Project acceptance.
 - f. Assume any responsibility for any damages to wetlands located beyond the LOC, which occurs from his/her operations during the life of the contract. Restore all temporarily disturbed wetland areas to their preconstruction conditions.
12. Whenever the engineer will be recording data for establishment of pay limits, the Contractor will be invited to obtain the data jointly with the engineer's survey crew(s) in order to agree with the information. If the Contractor's representative is not able to obtain the same data, then the information obtained by the engineer shall be considered the information to be used in computing the quantities in question.

D. Submittals

1. All computations, survey notes, electronic files, and other records necessary to accomplish the work shall be preserved and made available to the Department in a neat and organized manner at any time as directed by the engineer. The engineer may check all or any portion of the stakeout survey work or notes and any necessary correction to the work shall be made as soon as possible. Provide the engineer with such assistance as may be required for checking all lines, grades, and measurements necessary for the execution of the work. Checking by the engineer shall not relieve responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the work. Copies of all notes must be provided to the engineer at the completion of the Project.
2. Submit any of the following at the engineer's request:
 - a. Proposed method of recording information in field books to ensure clarity and adequacy.
 - b. A printout of horizontal control verification, as well as coordinates, differences, and error of closure for all reestablished or temporary control points.
 - c. A printout of vertical control verification, with benchmark location elevation and differences from plan elevation.
 - d. Sketch of location of newly referenced horizontal control, with text printout of coordinates, method of reference and field notes associated with referencing control - traverse closure report.
 - e. Description of newly established benchmarks with location, elevation, and closed loop survey field notes - bench closure report
 - f. All updated electronic and manuscript survey records.
 - g. Stakeout plan for each structure and culvert.
 - h. Computations for buildups over beams, screed grades, and overhang form elevations.
 - i. A report showing differences between supplied baseline coordinates and field obtained coordinates, including a list of preliminary input data.
 - j. Any proposed plan alteration to rectify a construction stakeout error, including design calculations, narrative and sealed drawings.
 - k. Baseline for each borrows pit location.
 - l. Detailed sketch of proposed overhead ground mounted signs or signals showing obstructions that may interfere with their installation.
 - m. Copies of cut sheets.

E. Machine Control Grading

1. Machine control grading to be used on the project if authorized by the engineer.
2. Use of this procedure and equipment is intended for grading the subgrade surface; it is not intended for the use in constructing final surface grades.
3. Materials:
 - a. Provide all equipment required to perform GPS machine control grading, including equipment needed by to verify the work to the engineer.
 - b. Use manufacturer's GPS machine control equipment and system to achieve the grading requirements in accordance with the Contract.
4. Construction
 - a. Convert the electronic data provided by the Department into the format required for the equipment.
 - b. The Department will provide no additional electronic data.
 - c. Perform at least one 500-foot test section with the selected GPS system to demonstrate the capabilities, knowledge, equipment, and experience to properly operate the system and meet acceptable tolerances. The engineer will evaluate and make the determination as to whether additional 500-foot test sections are required. Failure to demonstrate this ability to the satisfaction of the engineer, construct the project using conventional surveying and staking methods.
 - d. DelDOT Responsibilities:
 - i. The Department will set initial vertical and horizontal control points in the field for the project as indicated in the contract.
 - ii. The Department will provide the project specific localized coordinate system.
 - iii. The Department may provide data in an electronic format as indicated in the general notes.
 - (1.) The information provided shall not be considered a representation of actual conditions to be encountered during construction. Providing this information does not relieve the responsibility of making an investigation of conditions to be encountered. This includes site visits and basing the bid on information obtained from these investigations, and the professional interpretations and judgments of the Contractor.
 - (2.) The Department will develop and provide electronic data for use as part of the Contract in the format as indicated in the Plans.
 - iv. The Department will provide the following electronic files:

- (1.) ASCII data files with coordinates and elevations for proposed points as selected by the engineer.
 - (2.) Existing digital terrain model in .dtm file format compatible with software currently used by the Department.
 - (3.) Proposed digital terrain model in .dtm file format compatible with software currently used by the Department.
 - (4.) Design file in .dgn file format, that contains 3D features lines for the proposed design, 3D feature lines are for the proposed top surface elevation only.
- v. The engineer will perform spot checks of the machine control grading results, surveying calculations, records, field procedures, and actual staking. If the work is not being performed in a manner that will assure accurate results, the engineer may order the work to be redone to the requirements of the contract. The engineer may also require the use of conventional surveying and staking.
- e. Contractor's responsibilities:
- i. No less than 2-weeks before the scheduled preconstruction meeting, submit to the engineer for review a written machine control grading work plan which shall include the equipment type, control software manufacturer and version, and proposed location of the local GPS base station used for broadcasting differential correction data to rover units.
 - ii. If the need to establish new control points, traverse from existing control points and verify to be accurate by conventional surveying techniques.
 - iii. Assume all risks and liabilities of any assumptions or manipulations marked from the electronic information provided or if chosen to develop a separate digital terrain model.
 - iv. Ensure that the electronic data provided will function in their machine control grading system.
 - v. Provide the engineer with a GPS rover and Automatic Level, for use during the duration of the contract. At the end of the contract, the GPS rover and Automatic Level will be returned. Provide a total of 8-hours of formal training on the GPS machine control system to the engineer and up to 3 additional Department appointees per rover.
 - vi. Review and apply the data provided by the Department to perform GPS machine control grading.
 - vii. Convert the electronic data provided by the Department into a format compatible with their system.

- viii. At the beginning of each workday check and if necessary, recalibrate the GPS machine control system in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, or more frequently as needed to meet the requirements of the project.
- ix. Meet the accuracy requirements as detailed per the Department's standards.
- x. Establish secondary control points at appropriate intervals and at locations along the length of the project. These points shall be outside the project limits and/or where work is performed. These points shall not to exceed 1000-foot intervals. The horizontal position of these points shall be determined by conventional survey traverse and adjustments from the original baseline control points. The conventional traverse shall meet or exceed the Department's Standards. The elevation of these control points shall be established using differential leveling from the project benchmarks, forming a closed loop. A copy of all new control point information including closure report shall be provided and approved by the engineer prior to construction activities. Assume responsibility for all errors resulting from these efforts and correct deficiencies to the satisfaction of the engineer.
- xi. Provide stakes at all alignment control points, at every 500-foot stationing, and where required for coordination activities involving environmental agencies and utility companies.
- xii. Set hubs, at a minimum of 500-foot intervals, at the top of finished grade at all hinge points on the cross section on the main line and at least 4 cross sections on side roads and ramps as directed by the engineer or as shown on the plans. Placement of a minimum of 4 control points outside the limits of disturbance for the excavation of borrow pits, Stormwater Management Ponds, and wetland mitigation sites. These control points shall be established using conventional survey methods for use by the engineer to check the accuracy of the construction.
- xiii. Preserve all reference points and monuments that are identified and established by the engineer for the Project.
- xiv. Provide control points and conventional grades stakes at critical points such as, PC's, PT's, superelevation points, and other critical points required for the construction of drainage and roadway structures.
- xv. Follow the guidelines set forth in the "Geometric Geodetic Accuracy Standards and Specifications for Using GPS Relative Positioning Techniques" and follow a minimum of Second Order Class 1, (2-I) classification standards.

xvi. Automated equipment operations have a high reliance on accurate control networks from which to take measurements, establish positions, and verify locations and features. Therefore, a strong contract control network in the field which is the same or is strongly integrated with the project control used during the design of the contract is essential to the successful use of this technology with the proposed Digital Terrain Model (DTM). Consistent and well designed site calibration for all machine control operations are required to ensure the quality of the contract deliverables. The Contract Control Plan is intended to document which horizontal and vertical control will be held for these operations. Continued incorporation of the Base Station(s) as identified in the Contract Control Plan is essential to maintaining the integrity of positional locations and elevations of features. The Contract Control Plan shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval by the Departments Survey Section 3 weeks prior to the start of any machine control work. Operate and maintain all elements of the Machine Grade Control continuously once the operations begin until otherwise approved by the engineer.

5. Contract Control Plan:

- a. Develop and submit a Contract Control Plan for use of Machine Control Grading. Contract control includes all primary and secondary horizontal and vertical control which will be used for the construction contract. Upon the completion of the initial survey reconnaissance and control verification, but prior to beginning primary field operations, submit a Contract Control Plan document. The Contract Control plan shall be signed and sealed by a Delaware licensed Land Surveyor or Delaware Professional Engineer who oversees its preparation for acceptance by the engineer. The plan shall include the following:
 - i. A control network diagram of all existing horizontal and vertical control recovered in the field as contract control.
 - ii. Include a summary of the calculated closures of the existing control network, and which control has been determined to have been disturbed or out of tolerance from its original positioning.
 - iii. An explanation of which horizontal and vertical control points will be held for construction purposes. If necessary, include all adjustments which may have been made to achieve required closures.
 - iv. An explanation of what horizontal and vertical control (including base stations) was set to accomplish the required stakeout or automated machine operation. Include how the position of these new control points was determined.

- v. Describe the proposed method and technique (technology and quality control) for utilizing the control to establish the existing and/or proposed feature location and to verify the completed feature location and/or measured quantity.
- vi. A listing of the horizontal and vertical datums to be used and the combined factor to be used to account for ellipsoidal reduction factor and grid scale factor.
- vii. If chosen to use machine control as a method of measuring and controlling excavation, fill, material placement or grading operations as a method of measuring and controlling excavation, fill, material placement or grading operations, the Control Plan shall include the method by which the automated machine guidance system will initially be site calibrated to both the horizontal and vertical contract control, and shall describe the method and frequency of the calibration to ensure consistent positional results.

F. Utility construction methods:

- 1. The engineer must approve all requests for Utility Construction Engineering before the work begins.
- 2. Instruct utility companies to submit their requests to the engineer. The engineer will decide if the requested work meets the criteria for Utility Construction Engineering or is normal Construction Engineering and pass the requests along with the decision.
- 3. The survey crew size shall be adequate to efficiently perform the work required and must be approved by the engineer.
- 4. Work covered under Utility Construction Engineering will fall into two categories:
 - a. Engineering/surveying work that is not necessary for construction of the Project, staking the clear zone line, providing cut/fill grades at proposed utility pole locations, staking back of drainage structures, and staking right-of-way lines where construction of the Project (exclusive of utilities) is within the right-of-way.
 - b. Engineering/surveying work that is necessary for construction but must be provided for utility companies well in advance of the need and will likely need to be redone later, as determined by the engineer. This can be any of the Construction Engineering work that when done early cannot be expected to remain undisturbed until needed for construction of the Project (non-utility).

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT:

- A. The Department will not measure construction engineering.
- B. The Department will measure the quantity of utility construction engineering as the number of hours the survey crew is in the field actively engaged in utility construction engineering work.

BASIS OF PAYMENT:

- A. The Department will pay the lump sum unit bid price for this work. Price and payment constitute full compensation for:
 - 1. the work associated with construction engineering;
 - 2. providing all equipment and instruments;
 - 3. providing and placing stakes;
 - 4. flagging and any reflagging;
 - 5. reconstruction of work;
 - 6. all costs related to the development of separate digital terrain model;
 - 7. reestablishing reference points; and
 - 8. wetland restoration.
- B. The Department will pay for utility construction engineering at the contract unit price per hour actively engaged in performing the work. Price and payment will constitute full compensation for:
 - 1. Office work;
 - 2. providing all labor;
 - 3. equipment;
 - 4. instruments;
 - 5. stakes; and
 - 6. other materials necessary to complete the Work.
- C. The Department will make monthly payment in proportion to the amount of work done as determined by the engineer.
- D. The Department will not make any adjustment in payment for any issues with equipment to operate the GPS machine control system for any construction items or be justification for granting contract time extension.
- E. The Department will not make any consideration for any extension of Contract Time or additional compensation due to delays, corrective work, or additional work that may result from faulty and erroneous construction stakeout, surveying, and engineering required.
- F. The Department will not make any adjustments for all liability, costs, or delays if the Contractor chooses to develop a separate digital terrain model.

2/9/23

763520 - ELECTRONIC TICKETING

Description:

This work consists of providing electronic data for material weight tickets delivered to the project. This work also consists of placing an identifying vehicle number on the driver side and the passenger or rear sides of the delivery vehicle. This does not preclude or dismiss any requirement for paper tickets required by the Standard Specifications or other rules and regulations.

General Requirements:

- A. Send electronic tickets (eTicket) to the Department’s Electronic Ticketing Portal <https://tickets.delldot.gov> as they are generated. The Department will reject any load that does not have a corresponding eTicket unless the cause is beyond the contractor’s control. In such circumstances paper tickets may be permitted at the discretion of the engineer.
- B. Payment for material weight delivered to the project will be based upon the eTickets marked “*Delivered*”, less waste, excess material weight as noted in 105.12 of the Standard Specifications, and any audit corrections.
- C. Do not reissue or reprint tickets that have been marked “*Delivered*” or “*Rejected*” without first notifying the engineer. The engineer may reject a reissued or reprinted ticket at their discretion. When a reissued or reprinted ticket is rejected, payment will be based upon the original ticket.

Data Integration:

Request a list of the Department’s naming nomenclature. Include in the request an identification of what system the supplier utilizes for its load read-out weighing system. If necessary, create an Application Programming Interface (API) to integrate with the Department’s eTicketing Portal. Utilize the API to provide electronic data from the load read-out weighing system at the material source that is readable by the Department’s eTicketing Portal. Update the load read-out weighing system and API as necessary to maintain connection the Department’s eTicketing Portal.

The data shall be provided as follows:

Reference Field No.	Description	Examples	Data Type	Required
1	Ticket Number	5126349, 101R, 539-19	String	Yes
2	Contract Number	T202011001	String	Yes

3	Contract Name (Job)	Walnut Street Streetscape Improvements	String	Yes
4	Contractor Name (Customer)	Mumford & Miller, Inc.; A Del Construction	String	Yes
5	Supplier Name	River Asphalt; Allan Myers Materials	String	Yes
6	Supplier Plant	Plant #1 Dagsboro; Dover Asphalt	String	Yes
7	Job Number (Location)	Task 1; Location 5	String	Yes
8	Weigh Master Name	Johnny Scales	String	Yes
9	Weigh Master ID	1234567	String	Yes
10	Left Intentionally Blank			No
11	Mix Design ID (Product)	1628p; AM-WILM-29 76-22	String	Yes
12	Material Type (Product Description)	9.5mm top; 19MM 76-22 NON CARB	String	Yes
13	Item No. (Product Code)	401005; 401016	String	Yes
14	Load Number	75	Number	Yes
15	Identifying Vehicle Number	T-1	String	Yes
16	Hauler	John Doe Trucking	String	Yes
17	Legal Gross Vehicle Weight	73,280	Number	Yes
18	Loading Date & Time	2020-06-15T13:45:30	String	Yes
19	Gross Weight	72,980	Number	Yes
20	Net Weight	27,900	Number	Yes
21	Truck Tare Weight	45,080	Number	Yes
22	Void	280	Number	No
23	Daily Running Total	44.43	Number	Yes

All provided weights shall be accurate to 0.01 tons.

Loads which do not have the required data shall be rejected.

Setup and Calibration:

Conduct a test of each supplier’s integration with the Department’s eTicketing Portal prior to shipping material. Complete test at least 14 days prior to shipping material unless otherwise approved by the engineer. The test must involve at least four calibration eTickets from each supplier approved for use on the project. The calibration eTickets must accurately reflect the categories 1-7 shown above; all other categories shall be marked “TEST”. After the engineer confirms the calibration eTickets have been entered into the Department’s eTicket Portal, void the eTickets with the reason “Calibration Testing”.

Uptime:

Uptime reliability of the material supplier's ticketing system must be 99.5% over any 30-day rolling period. Uptime is defined as the ability for the Department to receive electronic tickets within a maximum of 10 minutes from when the ticket was created.

Load Identification:

Ensure the identifying vehicle numbers on the delivery vehicle correspond to the ticket. Place the numbers on the delivery vehicles such that at least one can be safely read from within the work area. Delivery vehicles without identifying vehicle numbers shall be rejected.

Method of Measurement:

The Department will not measure electronic ticketing.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The cost associated with creating and maintaining an API, providing electronic ticketing data, and placing identifying vehicle numbers on the delivery vehicles is incidental to the item being placed.
- B. The Department will make no payment for material that is rejected.

01/18/2022

806500 – TRAFFIC OFFICERS

Description:

In accordance with Section 806.1.

Materials:

Not applicable.

Construction:

In accordance with Section 806.3.

Method of Measurement:

In accordance with Section 806.4.

Basis of Payment:

- A. The Department will pay for traffic officers at the contract unit price per hour. Price and payment constitute full compensation for providing traffic officers, vehicles, and equipment.
- B. For bidding purposes, the Department has fixed the unit price at \$180.00 per hour. The Department will pay for traffic officers based on a submitted invoice from the police department plus 10 percent.

07/17/2025



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

UTILITY STATEMENT
February 6, 2026
STATE CONTRACT NO.: T202500901
PROJECT I.D. NO.: 2025-00082
F.A.P. NO.: ESTP-2025(13)
SR 1 MEDIAN BARRIER, SR 30 TO SR 16
SUSSEX COUNTY

Utility involvement is not anticipated for the work associated with this project. All proposed improvements outlined in the contract documents shall be adjusted in the field to avoid any and all existing aerial and underground utility facilities, this includes private utility facilities. All existing utility facilities will remain in place and active throughout the duration of the contract. No working/existing utility facilities can be taken out of service. The contractor must use care when performing all temporary and permanent work to avoid impact to underground and overhead utilities.

Comcast and Verizon both have underground utility crossings. The contractor shall coordinate with Utilities to locate the existing underground facilities. Post spacing shall be adjusted accordingly to avoid contact.

Should any conflicts be encountered as a result of the State Contractor's means and methods during construction requiring adjustment and/or relocation, the necessary relocation work shall be accomplished by the respective utility company and funded by the State's Contractor as directed by the District Engineer. Following contract award date, the State's Contractor shall coordinate any and all potential changes including, but not limited to, identification of potential field conflict; changes in project construction scope; changes in construction phasing; or changes in contractor means and methods of construction with required parties, including the District Engineer and Utility Companies, for approval prior to finalizing and performing work. The State's Contractor shall provide utility companies with adequate notice (not less than 30 calendar days) prior to performing work once approved.

Any utility potential conflicts shall be coordinated by the State Contractor once the conflict is recognized. The time to complete any relocations/adjustments found to be necessary during construction of the highway project will depend on the nature of the work.

Once the State's contractor has given the Utility the advance notice required above, it is the responsibility of the State's contractor to have the work area prepared and accessible for the Utility to perform the tasks listed above. If the site conditions are not ready and the state contractor has

given notice to the utility on when the work is to be accomplished, the State's Contractor shall be responsible for any extra cost incurred by the utility company and the State Contractor shall also be responsible for any time delays. Between when the required notice is given to the Utility and when the work is performed and completed, the coordination and scheduling of the Utility is the sole responsibility of the State's Contractor. All costs related to the coordination and scheduling of the utilities is incidental to the contract.

Any adjustments and/or relocations of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities shall be performed by the State's Contractor in accordance with the respective agency's standard specifications as directed by the District Engineer. The State contractor shall coordinate any potential conflicts of municipally or county owned sewer or water facilities with facility owners and provide adequate notice to the municipally or county and to the District Engineer prior to performing work.

The State's contractor shall adjust any at grade features such as valve boxes, manholes, and handholes to match the surface elevation and slope as outlined in the contract documents. Under no circumstances shall any valve box, manhole, handhole, or other at grade structure be paved over, filled, or knocked out of alignment during construction.

General Notes:

- 1. The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 105.9 of the DelDOT Standard Specifications (see the contract documents for applicable date/version to reference). The Contractor shall contact Delmarva811 (previously known as Miss Utility of Delmarva) at 1-800-282-8555 at least two working days prior to any excavation. The Contractor is responsible for the support and protection of all utilities when excavating. The Contractor is also responsible for ensuring proper clearances, including safety clearances, from overhead utilities for construction equipment. The Contractor is advised to check the site for access purposes for proposed equipment and, if necessary, make arrangements directly with the utility companies for field adjustments for adequate clearances.**
- 2. The information shown in the Contract Documents, including the Utility Statement and the Utility Schedule contained herein, concerning the location, type and size of existing and proposed utilities, their locations, and construction timing has been compiled by the preparer based on information furnished by each of the involved Utility Companies. It shall be the responsibility of the State's Contractor to verify all information and coordinate with the Utility Companies prior to and during construction, as specified in Section 105.9 of the Standard Specifications.**
- 3. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor has considered in his bid all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present and relocated positions as shown on the plans or described in the Utility Statement or are readily discernible and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconvenience, or damage due to any interference from the utility facilities and appurtenances or the operation of moving them, except that the Contractor may be granted an equitable extension of time. The Contractor's means and method of construction are not taken into account when known utility conflicts are identified. If the Contractor's means and method of construction create a utility conflict the Utility Statement will prevail in discussions with the utility and the Contractor.**

4. **The State's Contractor shall be responsible for any costs associated with any temporary outages; holding, bracing of utility facilities; temporary relocations; or permanent relocations that are not specifically identified in this Utility Statement or shown in the contract plan set. It is important to note that Delmarva Power will not insulate or otherwise rubber up any power lines for any purposes.**
5. **The State's Contractor is responsible for rough grading as required by the roadway construction prior to the Utility Company's placing their proposed facilities, unless otherwise indicated on the plans and/or outlined elsewhere in the Contract Documents.**
6. **Coordination and cooperation among the Utility Companies and the State's Contractor are of prime importance. Therefore, the Contractor is directed to contact the following Utility Company representatives with any questions regarding this work prior to submitting bids and work schedules. Proposed work schedules should reflect the Utility Companies' proposed relocations. The Utility Companies and their contractors do not work on nights, weekends, or legal holidays.**

NAME	COMPANY	PHONE	EMAIL
Mike Sullivan	Comcast Cable	302-752-6025	mike_sullivan2@comcast.com
Ryan Shockley	Delaware Electric Coop	302-349-0723	rshockley@delaware.coop
Bill McBane	Delmarva Power Electric	609-214-0867	bill.mcbane@delmarva.com
George Zang	Verizon De LLC	302-422-1238	george.w.zang@verizon.com

7. **As outlined in Chapter 4 of the DelDOT Utilities Manual, individual utility companies are responsible for obtaining all required permits from municipal, State and federal government agencies and railroads prior to performing their work. This includes but is not limited to water quality permits/DNREC Water Quality Certification, DNREC Subaqueous Lands/Wetlands permits, DNREC Coastal Zone Consistency Certification, County Floodplain permits (New Castle County only), U.S. Coast Guard permits, US Army Corps 404 permits, sediment and erosion permits, and railroad crossing permits.**
8. **Individual utility companies are required to restore any areas disturbed in conjunction with their relocation work. If an area is disturbed by a utility company and is not properly restored, the Department may have the State's Contractor perform the necessary restoration. Any additional costs incurred as a result will be forwarded to the utility company.**
9. **16 Del. C., Chapter 74B, § 7405B requires notification to and mutually agreeable measures from the public utility operating the electric line for the any person intending to carry on any function, activity, work, or operation within dangerous proximity of any high voltage overhead electric lines. 16 Del. C., Chapter 74B, § 7402B defines "dangerous proximity" as "a distance up to and including 10 feet of high-voltage lines, or within such greater distances as may be set forth in the current editions and any subsequent revisions of the regulations of the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (29 C.F.R. § 1902.1 et seq.) and the National Electrical Safety Code." With that, all contractors/other utilities must maintain a minimum distance of 10 feet from all overhead energized lines unless otherwise required in OSHA or the NESC.**

10. Any existing facilities that are comprised of hazardous materials will be removed by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above. Any existing facilities containing hazardous materials will be purged by the Utility Company unless otherwise outlined in the contract documents or language above.
11. In conjunction with bid preparation and prior to starting work, the State's Contractor shall confirm with all respective Utility Companies noted in this Utility Statement to have advance utility relocations that the advance relocations have in fact been accomplished as summarized herein.
12. Contractors are not permitted to draw water from any hydrant for any use, without the written permission of the municipality/water company having jurisdiction and proper metering and backflow prevention equipment in place.

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS



DelDOT

John.guthrie@delaware.gov

E-mail

2/16/2026

Date

**STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PO BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903**

CERTIFICATE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY STATUS

STATE PROJECT NO. T202500901

F.A.P. NO. ESTP-2025(13)

SR1 MEDIAN BARRIER, SR30 TO SR16

SUSSEX COUNTY

Certificate of Right-of-Way Status – 100%

Level 1

As required by 23 CFR, Part 635, and other pertinent Federal and State regulations or laws, the following certifications are hereby made in reference to this highway project:

All project construction or work shall be performed within existing rights of way and permanent easements; and

All necessary real property interests, including control of access rights when pertinent, were acquired as part of previous highway projects, and include legal and physical possession; and,

This project does not cause any persons to be displaced as defined in 49 CFR, Part 24; and,

The State has the right to remove, salvage, or demolish any improvements or personal property that may be located within project limits.

RIGHT OF WAY SECTION



**Monroe C. Hite, III
Chief of Right of Way**

August 20, 2025



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
800 BAY ROAD
P.O. BOX 778
DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
SECRETARY

March 2, 2026

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

FOR

State Contract No.: **T202500901**

Federal Aid No.: **ESTP-2025(13)**

Contract Title: **SR1 Median Barrier, SR30 to SR16**

In accordance with the procedural provisions for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, the referenced project has been processed through the Department's Environmental Review Procedures and has been classified as a Class II Action/Level C.

Class II Action / Level C
CE action: **23 CFR 771.117 (C)(22)**

Environmental (NEPA) Approval Date: **2/25/2026**

Due to the nature of the proposed construction activities, permits are not required for this project. However, the following construction requirements and special provisions have been developed to minimize and mitigate impact to the surrounding environs. These requirements by DelDOT, not specified within the contract, are listed below. These requirements are the responsibility of the contractor and are subject to risk of shut down at the contractor's expense if not followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

1. As locations are identified they will be submitted to the Environmental Studies Office to determine if there is any historical significance associated with the location and what if any cultural compliance documentation and/or approvals are needed. Likewise, natural resource evaluations will be undertaken to determine permit requirements, RTE issues, time of year restrictions for bird and/or fisheries resources, etc. No work will take place until all permits and approvals have been acquired. Notes in the contract document will specify that no work could begin until written approval is received from the ESO.
2. All construction debris, excavated material, brush, rocks, and refuse incidental to such work shall be placed either on shore above the influence of flood waters or on some suitable dumping ground.
3. That effort shall be made to keep construction debris from entering adjacent waterways or wetlands. Any debris that enters those areas shall be removed immediately.
4. The disposal of trees, brush, and other debris in any stream corridor, wetland, surface water, or drainage area is prohibited.
5. DelDOT Environmental Studies Section must be notified if there are any changes to the project methods, footprint, materials, or designs, to allow the Department to coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (COE, DNREC, and SHPO), for approval at (DOT_EnvironmentalStudies@delaware.gov).

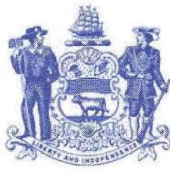


Maia Lee

Environmental Specialist II

Environmental Stewardship

Delaware Department of Transportation



STATE OF DELAWARE
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 800 BAY ROAD
 P.O. BOX 778
 DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

SHANTÉ A. HASTINGS
 SECRETARY

RAILROAD STATEMENT

For

State Contract No.: T202500901

Federal Aid No.: ESTP-2025(13)

Project Title: SR 1 Median Barrier, SR 30 to SR 16

The following railroad companies maintain facilities within the contract limits:

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amtrak | <input type="checkbox"/> Maryland & Delaware |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CSX | <input type="checkbox"/> Norfolk Southern |
| <input type="checkbox"/> State of Delaware
Delmarva Central | <input type="checkbox"/> Wilmington & Western |
| <input type="checkbox"/> East Penn | <input type="checkbox"/> Delmarva Central |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None |

DOT Inventory No.: N/A No. Trains/Day: N/A Passenger Trains (Y / N): N/A

In accordance with 23 CFR 635, herein is the railroad statement of coordination (check one):

- No Railroad involvement.
- Railroad Agreement unnecessary but railroad flagging required. The contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DeIDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with the DeIDOT Railroad Coordinator at (302) 659-4087.
- Railroad Agreement required. The Contractor cannot begin work until the Agreement is complete and fully executed. Railroad related work to be undertaken and completed as required for proper coordination with physical construction schedules. The Contractor shall follow requirements stated in the DeIDOT Maintenance of Railroad Traffic Item in the Special Provisions. Contractor shall coordinate railroad flagging with the DeIDOT Railroad Coordinator at (302) 659-4087.

Approved As To Form:

Lei Xu
 DelDOT Railroad Coordinator

8/19/2025
 DATE



**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202500901

Project Descripton: SR 1 Median Barrier, SR 30 to SR 16

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
762001	SAW CUTTING, CONCRETE, FULL DEPTH	LF	161
809007	PROVIDE SAND CRASH CUSHION ARRAY	EACH	1
809008	INSTALL SAND CRASH CUSHION ARRAY	EACH	1
861001	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, EPOXY RESIN PAINT, 6"	LF	6251
862006	PERMANENT PAVEMENT STRIPING, ALKYD-THERMOPLASTIC, SYMBOL/LEGEND	SF	376
868001	PAVEMENT MARKING, REMOVAL	SF	363
908026	EROSION CONTROL MULCH	SY	15504
201000	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	LS	1
202000	EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT	CY	6401
204000	TEST HOLE	CY	20
211002	REMOVAL OF GUARDRAIL AND FENCE	LF	337
302003	DELAWARE NO. 8 STONE	TON	4291
401575	PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT - 19.0mm TYPE B	TON	2554
720021	GALVANIZED STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, TYPE 1-31	LF	417
720023	GALVANIZED STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL, TYPE 3-31	LF	2672
721004	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT, TYPE 3-31	EACH	7
722001	HIGH TENSION CABLE BARRIER	LF	38587

This page is for information only. Do not use this page to submit a Bid.



**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202500901

Project Descripton: SR 1 Median Barrier, SR 30 to SR 16

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
722002	HIGH TENSION CABLE BARRIER END TERMINAL	EACH	38
762000	SAW CUTTING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE	LF	5687
763000	INITIAL EXPENSE/DE-MOBILIZATION	LS	1
763501	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING	LS	1
801000	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	LS	1
802003	ARROW PANELS TYPE C	EADY	184
803001	PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EADY	30
804001	PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN PORTABLE LIGHT ASSEMBLY (FLOOD LIGHTS)	EADY	368
805001	PLASTIC TRAFFIC CONTROL DRUMS	EADY	15800
806500	TRAFFIC OFFICERS	HOUR	300
808002	PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR, TYPE II	EADY	230
810001	TEMPORARY WARNING SIGNS AND PLAQUES	EADY	20776
819003	INSTALL OR REMOVE TRAFFIC SIGNS	EACH	214
905004	INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL, DRAINAGE INLET	EACH	38
908004	TOPSOIL, 6" DEPTH	SY	10337
908010	TOPSOILING, 6" DEPTH	SY	41345
908014	PERMANENT GRASS SEEDING, DRY GROUND	SY	51682

This page is for information only. Do not use this page to submit a Bid.



**Delaware Department of Transportation
Quantity Sheet Summary**

Proposal ID: T202500901

Project Descripton: SR 1 Median Barrier, SR 30 to SR 16

NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity
211000	REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS	LS	1
701014	PCC CURB, TYPE 2	LF	420
760010	PAVEMENT MILLING, BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT	SYIN	196
818001	SUPPLY OF ROADSIDE FLAT SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL, TYPE IV, RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING	SF	176
818003	SUPPLY OF ROADSIDE FLAT SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN PANEL, TYPE XI, RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING	SF	748
819001	PROVIDE GALVANIZED TELESCOPING SIGN POST	EACH	90
819002	INSTALL OR REMOVE GALVANIZED TELESCOPING SIGN POST	EACH	139
209006	BORROW, TYPE F	CY	816
211001	REMOVAL OF PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, CURB AND SIDEWALK	SY	361
301001	GABC	CY	197
401005	SUPERPAVE TYPE C, 9.5 mm, PG 64-22 (CARBONATE STONE)	TON	117
401014	SUPERPAVE TYPE B, PG 64-22	TON	315

This page is for information only. Do not use this page to submit a Bid.